#### **Unit 1 How We Smell**

(pp. 6-7)

Q1 What are the people doing?

**A1** They are smelling various things.

Q2 What do you like to smell?

**A2** (Answers may vary.) I like to smell bread and flowers.

# Key Words (pp. 6-7)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (b)
- 3. (a)
- 4. (b)
- 5. (a)
- **6.** (a)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (b)

(p. 8)

**Q** How do your nose and brain work together to smell something?

A Odor particles get into our nose, and our brain interprets and recognizes the smell.

# **Comprehension Check** (p. 10)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (c)
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. brain
- 6. ready

- 7. (a)
- 8. closely

#### Points to Remember (p. 11)

A.

STEP 1 particles, breathe

STEP 2 receptors, signals

STEP 3 interprets

В.

process, nose, amazing, distinguish, ready, taste

#### **Unit 2 How Some Animals Smell**

(p. 12)

Q1 What are these animals doing?

**A1** They are smelling flowers.

Q2 What body part do they use to smell?

A2 They use their noses to smell.

(p. 13)

Q How do you think these animals smell?

A (Answers may vary.) I think they use other body parts instead of their noses to smell.

#### Key Words (pp. 12-13)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. (b)
- **4.** (b)
- 5. (a)

- 6. (a)
- 7. (a)
- 8. (b)
- (p. 14)
- **Q** Why is the sense of smell important for animals?
- **A** It is a way for animals to understand their environments, find food, and avoid predators.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 16)

- 1. ©
- 2. (a)
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. identifies
- 6. avoid
- 7. (a)
- 8. covered

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 17)

A.

Marine Crabs: antennas, eyes, wave

Snakes: tongues, mouths, stick

B.

body parts, antennas, hairs, tongues, organ, environments

#### **Making Connections** (p. 18)

Unit 1: b-f-d

Unit 2: a-c-e

# **Unit 3 Town Squares for Everyone**

(p. 20)

Q Where are the people getting together?

A They are getting together in a town square.

(p. 21)

Q What do you think the people are doing?

A Some people are listening to a man's speech. Some people are walking together. Some people are talking to each other.

# Key Words (pp. 20-21)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. (a)
- 4. (b)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (a)
- 8. (b)

(p. 22)

**Q** What did people do in the Greek agora or the Roman forum?

**A** They discussed politics, held elections, and traded goods. Also, they worshipped their gods and goddesses there.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 24)

1. (b)

- 2. (c)
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. town square
- 6. agora
- 7. (a)
- 8. discussed

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 25)

A.

Ancient Times (Top→Down)

agora, forum, elections, worship

Today (Top→Down)

meetups, rallies

В.

gather, ancient, politics, spread, functions, events

#### **Unit 4 Famous Town Squares**

(p. 26)

**Q** What is happening in the town square?

A People are dancing. People are marching. People are enjoying their festival.

(p. 27)

Q What are the people doing in the town square?

A They are buying and selling things there.

**Key Words** (pp. 26-27)

1. (a)

- 2. (a)
- 3. (b)
- 4. (b)
- 5. (a)
- **6.** (a)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (b)

(p. 28)

**Q** Why do tourists visit Times Square?

**A** It is a major tourist attraction and entertainment center.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 30)

- 1. a
- 2. (b)
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. financial
- 6. tourist
- 7. **b**
- 8. named after

#### Points to Remember (p. 31)

A.

Plaza de Mayo: Argentina, hub, Revolution

Times Square: USA, entertainment, celebrate

B.

economic, famous, independence, business, attraction, tourists

#### Making Connections (p. 32)

Unit 3: c-a-e

Unit 4: f-b-d

# **Unit 5 Projection Mapping**

(p. 34)

Q What are the people doing?

A They are watching a movie. Have you seen this kind of art before?

(p. 35)

Q Have you seen this kind of art before?

A (Answers may vary.) Yes, I've seen this kind of thing in Sydney before.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 34-35)

1. a

2. a

3. (b)

4. (b)

**5.** (a)

6. (b)

7. (b)

8. (b)

(p. 36)

Q What is projection mapping?

A It is a technique that turns any 3D object into 3D digital art.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 38)

1. a

2. (b)

3. True

4. False

5. digital

6. possible

**7.** ©

8. display

#### Points to Remember (p. 39)

A.

Tools: projectors

STEP 1: object

STEP 2: images

STEP 3: software, fit, turns

В.

digital art, flat, 3D object, project, software, fit

#### **Unit 6 VR Painting**

(p. 40)

Q1 What do people use to draw pictures?

**A1** They use things like paintbrushes, palettes, canvases, pencils, sketchbooks, and tablet PCs.

Q2 What do you use to draw?

**A2** (Answers may vary.) I use a tablet PC to draw.

- (p. 41)
- Q1 What is the boy wearing on his head?
- **A1** He's wearing a VR headset.
- Q2 What do you think he is seeing?
- **A2** (Answers may vary.) I think he's seeing something spiral in the air.

#### Key Words (pp. 40-41)

- 1. **b**
- 2. (a)
- 3. (a)
- **4.** (b)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (b)
- (p. 42)
- Q What can you do with a digital palette?
- **A** We can change our paint colors, choose brushes, and add decorations to our artwork.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 44)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (b)
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. controller
- 6. walk

- 7. (a)
- 8. simulated

#### Points to Remember (p. 45)

A. (from left to right)

headset, palette, paintbrush, colors, decorations

В.

virtual, exist, art, paint, share, sculpting

#### **Making Connections** (p. 46)

Unit 5: d-b-e

Unit 6: c-a-f

# **Unit 7 Unmanned Aerial Vehicles**

- (p. 48)
- What is the girl doing?
- A She is flying a drone.
- (p. 49)
- Q What do you think these drones do?
- A (The answer may vary.) I think they deliver packages, take photos, rescue people, or help farmers.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 48-49)

- 1. **b**
- 2. (b)
- 3. (a)
- 4. (a)
- 5. (a)

- 6. (b)
- 7. (a)
- 8. (b)
- (p. 50)
- Q What are UAVs and how are they controlled?
- **A** UAVs are unmanned aerial vehicles controlled by on-board computers or remote controls.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 52)

- 1. (c)
- 2. (b)
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. emergency
- 6. remote
- **7.** ©
- 8. unmanned

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 53)

A.

climate, situations, aerial, deliver, tools

В.

vehicles, controlled, military, efficient, possible, rescuers

#### **Unit 8 How Drones Save Lives**

- (p. 54)
- Q Who uses these vehicles and equipment?
- A Firefighters or rescuers use them.

- (p. 55)
- **Q** What do you think the firefighter will do with the drone?
- A (The answer may vary.) I think he will rescue some people with the drone.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 54-55)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. (b)
- 4. (b)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (b)
- 7. a
- 8. (a)
- (p. 56)
- **Q** How did the drones help find people trapped in the fires?
- A The drones' thermal cameras helped find people trapped in the fires.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 58)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (c)
- 3. True
- 4. True
- 5. collect
- 6. lives
- **7.** ©

8. real-time

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 59)

A. (Top→Down)

California Wildfires: forest, data, Thermal

A Lost Hiker in Utah: stuck, lights

В.

wildfires, predict, trapped, rescue, rescuers, save

#### **Making Connections** (p. 60)

Unit 7: a-b-d

Unit 8: c-f-e

# **Unit 9 Folk Wrestling**

(pp. 62-63)

Q1 What are the people doing in the pictures?

**A1** They are wrestling.

Q2 Does your country have this kind of sport?

**A2** (Answers may vary.) Yes, we do. It is called ssireum.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 62-63)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. (a)
- **4.** (b)
- 5. (b)
- 6. a

- 7. (a)
- 8. (b)
- (p. 64)

**Q** How are sumo and ssireum alike?

**A** Firstly, they are very old. Secondly, matches of both sports take place in large rings. Thirdly, wrestlers wear special belts in each sport.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 66)

- 1. (a)
- 2. (c)
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. knots
- 6. touch
- 7. (b)
- 8. alike

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 67)

A. (from left to right)

wrestling, folk, ring, knots, satba

B.

styles, differences, matches, tie, push, ground

# **Unit 10 Thumb Wrestling**

(pp. 68-69)

**Q** What types of wrestling are the kids playing?

A The boys are playing leg wrestling, and the girls are playing arm wrestling.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 68-69)

- 1. (a)
- 2. (b)
- 3. (b)
- 4. (a)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (a)

#### (p. 70)

**Q** How do players win a match at the championships?

A They pin down their opponents' thumbs long enough to say "one-two-three-four, I win thumb-o-war!"

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 72)

- 1. ©
- 2. (b)
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. thumbs
- 6. Championships
- 7. (a)
- 8. to face

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 73)

A.

STEP 1: opponent

- STEP 2: Lock
- STEP 3: rhyme, declare
- STEP 4: Pin down
- В.

thumb, friend, world, rules, enough, decided

#### **Making Connections** (p. 74)

Unit 9: b-d-f

Unit 10: c-a-e

# **Unit 11 Why We Get Sick**

(pp. 76-77)

**Q1** What is the common problem with these people?

**A1** They are sick.

Q2 How do you feel when you have a cold?

**A2** (Answers may vary.) I feel bad. I have a headache and a sore throat. And I cough.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 76-77)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. **b**
- 4. (a)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (a)

# **Answer Key (SB)**

# **Smart Reading 6.1**

(p. 78)

Q What causes infectious diseases?

A Germs such as viruses and bacteria cause infectious diseases.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 80)

- 1. a
- **2.** ©
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. bacteria
- 6. lifestyle
- **7. b**
- 8. spread

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 81)

A. (Top→Down)

Infectious Diseases: germs, flu, wash

Noninfectious Diseases: factors, choices, healthy

В.

viruses, infectious, diseases, defend, genetic, sleep

# **Unit 12 The Immune System**

(p. 82)

• What can we do to keep our body healthy?

A We can protect our body from germs by sleeping well, working out regularly, and eating healthfully.

(p. 83)

Q What do you think is happening?

A (The answer may vary.) I think some special cells are attacking the germ.

# Key Words (pp. 82-83)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. (b)
- **4.** (a)
- 5. (b)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (a)

(p. 84)

**Q** What does the immune system do?

A The immune system defends the body from all kinds of diseases.

# **Comprehension Check** (p. 86)

- 1. **b**
- 2. (a)
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. germs
- 6. cells
- **7.** (c)
- 8. defends

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 87)

A. (clockwise)

bone, blood, recognize, antibodies, destroy

B.

diseases, organs, immune, patrol, white blood cells, vaccinated

#### **Making Connections** (p. 88)

Unit 11: e-a-f

Unit 12: c-b-d

# **Unit 13 Hexagons in Nature**

(pp. 90-91)

Q What do these shapes have in common?

A I can see six-sided shapes.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 90-91)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (a)
- 3. (b)
- 4. (b)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (a)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (a)
- (p. 92)

**Q** What do bee hives, dragonflies, and turtles have in common?

A They all have hexagons.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 94)

- 1. (b)
- 2. c
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. spaces
- 6. shell
- 7. (b)
- 8. empty

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 95)

A.

Bee Hives: homes, hexagons

Dragonfly Eyes: eyes, lenses

Turtle Shells: curved

В.

six-sided, hives, compound, hexagons, cover, efficient

# **Unit 14 The Shape of a Soccer Ball**

(pp. 96-97)

**Q1** What main shape do you see in these pictures?

**A1** I see five-sided shapes/pentagons.

Q2 How many sides does the shape have?

A2 It has five sides.

#### **Key Words** (pp. 96-97)

- 1. **b**
- 2. (a)
- 3. (b)
- **4.** (a)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (b)
- (p. 98)
- **Q** What shapes are on a black-and-white soccer ball?
- A There are pentagons and hexagons on the ball.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 100)

- 1. ©
- 2. (a)
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. irregular
- 6. pentagons, hexagons
- 7. (b)
- 8. closer

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 101)

A.

sphere, polygons, pentagons, hexagons, surrounded

B.

soccer, rubber, bladders, introduced, colorful, remains

#### Making Connections (p. 102)

Unit 13: c-d-f

Unit 14: a-b-e

# **Unit 15 The Danger of Video Games**

(p. 104)

Q What are the kids doing?

A They are playing video games.

(p. 105)

Q Do you get tired from playing video games?

A (Answers may vary.) Yes, I do.

# Key Words (pp. 104-105)

- 1. (a)
- 2. a
- 3. (b)
- 4. (a)
- **5.** (b)
- 6. (b)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (a)
- (p. 106)
- Q What is an addiction?
- A When people cannot stop themselves from

doing something, they have an addiction.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 108)

- 1. a
- 2. (b)
- 3. True
- 4. False
- 5. spend
- 6. awake
- 7. (a)
- 8. ages

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 95)

A. (clockwise)

ten, homework, poor, instant, spend

В.

popular, addiction, mental, decreases, reward, set

# **Unit 16 Computer Vision Syndrome**

(pp. 110-111)

Q1 What electronic devices do you usually use?

**A1** (Answers may vary.) I use my smartphone, tablet, and laptop.

Q2 When do you use them?

**A2** (Answers may vary.) I use my laptop to do my homework.

**Key Words** (pp. 110-111)

- 1. (b)
- 2. (b)
- 3. (b)
- 4. (a)
- 5. (a)
- 6. (a)
- 7. (b)
- 8. (b)

(p. 112)

**Q** What should you do to prevent computer vision syndrome?

A We should follow the simple 20-20-20 rule, reduce our screen time, and get regular eye exams.

#### **Comprehension Check** (p. 114)

- 1. a
- 2. (b)
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. worse
- 6. minutes, feet
- **7.** (c)
- 8. fade

#### **Points to Remember** (p. 115)

A.

Symptoms: vision, dry, shoulder

Preventions: break, feet, screen, regular

# **Answer Key (SB)**

#### B.

symptoms, worse, return, preventable, second, exams

# **Making Connections** (p. 116)

Unit 15: a-c-b

Unit 16: d-f-e